

LCR disclosures for quarter end June 2025

LCR Disclosure for quarter end June 2025		(Amt in Crore)	
SN	Particulars	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs)		79648.14
Cash outflows			Cash outflows
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	167208.45	15861.87
(i)	Stable deposits	17179.56	858.98
(ii)	Less stable deposits	150028.89	15002.89
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	115309.08	52156.54
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0	0
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	115309.08	52156.54
(iii)	Unsecured debt	0	0
4	Secured wholesale funding	0.00	0
5	Additional requirements, of which:	58781.28	19710.73
(i)	<i>Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements</i>	15689.39	15689.39
(ii)	<i>Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products</i>	0.00	0
(iii)	<i>Credit and liquidity products</i>	43091.89	4021.34
6	Other contractual funding obligations	2349.95	2349.95
7	Other contingent funding obligations	15939.28	535.65
8	Total Cash Outflows		90614.73
Cash inflows			Cash inflows
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	2657.73	0.00
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	14842.37	11038.84
11	Other cash inflows	16246.60	15996.12
12	Total Cash Inflows		27034.96
13	Total HQLA		79648.14
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		63579.78
15	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		125.27

Data is presented as simple averages of daily observations over the previous quarter (i.e. the average is calculated over a period of last quarter). The simple average is calculated on daily observations over the previous quarter end. The un-weighted value of inflows and outflows are calculated as the outstanding balances of various categories or types of

liabilities, off balance sheet items or contractual receivables. The weighted value of HQLA are calculated as the value after haircuts are applied. The weighted value for inflows and outflows are calculated as the value after the inflow and outflow rates are applied. Total HQLA and total net cash outflows are disclosed as the adjusted value, where the adjusted value of HQLA is the value of total HQLA after the application of both haircuts and any applicable caps on Level 2B and Level 2 assets as indicated in this Framework. The adjusted value of net cash outflows is calculated after the cap on inflows is applied, if applicable.

Qualitative disclosures:

From 01st January 2015, the bank has implemented guidelines on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) of the RBI.

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) aims to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) that can be converted into cash easily and immediately to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day liquidity stress scenario.

The LCR is calculated by dividing the amount of High Quality Liquid Unencumbered Assets (HQLA) by the estimated net outflows over a stressed 30 calendar day period.

The net cash outflows are calculated by applying RBI prescribed outflow factors to the various categories of liabilities (deposits, unsecured and secured wholesale borrowings), as well as to undrawn commitments and derivative-related exposures, netted by inflows from assets maturing within 30 days. Average LCR on a daily basis for the quarter ended 30th June 2025 is 125.27%, above RBI prescribed minimum requirement of 100%.

(a) Main drivers of LCR:

The Bank on a consolidated basis, during the three months ended 30th June 2025, had maintained average HQLA (after haircut) of Rs. 796481.39 million. The HQLA is primarily driven by government securities in excess of minimum SLR, government securities within mandatory SLR requirement, to the extent allowed by RBI under MSF and the facility to avail liquidity for Liquidity coverage ratio. Also, cash, excess CRR maintained with RBI are important factors for Level 1 HQLA.

Level 2 HQLAs primarily consisted of BBB- and above rated corporate bonds and commercial papers not issued by Financial entities.

(c) Composition of HQLAs:

- HQLAs consists of following components:

	Unweighted value	Weighted value
Level 1 assets	79102.89	79102.89
Level 2 A assets	640.43	544.36
Level 2 B assets	1.78	0.89

- Based on daily averages for the quarter ended June 2025, mandatory SLR constitutes highest portion of HQLA i.e. 65.95% followed by govt. securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement which constitute 31.80%. Level 2 assets which are lower in quality as compared to Level 1 assets, constitute 0.68% of total stock of HQLA against maximum mandated level of 40%.

(d) Concentration of funding sources:

A significant counterparty is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the Bank's total liabilities.

As of 30th June 2025, there is only one significant counterparty viz., SECTION OFFICER URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT having deposit balances of Rs.8706.48 Crore which is 2.37% of total liabilities.

Further there is only one significant borrowing viz. SIDBI having borrowing amount of Rs. 11820.13 Crores i.e. 3.22% of total liabilities, which is exceeding the aggregate of 1% of the Bank's total liabilities.

Top 20 depositors of the Bank constitute 13.77% of our total deposits.

Top 10 borrowings of the bank constitute 81.98% of total borrowings.

A significant instrument/product is defined as a single instrument/ product of group of similar instruments/products which in aggregate amount to more than 1% of the bank's total liabilities. Example of funding instruments/products- wholesale deposits, long term bonds etc.

Significant instrument/product as of 30th June 2025 were bulk deposits i.e. 13.89% of total liabilities, Retail term deposits i.e. 27.57% of total liabilities, Demand deposits i.e. 41.59% of total liabilities and Long Term Bonds i.e. 2.30% of total liabilities.

(e) Derivative exposures and potential collateral calls:

Derivative exposure is shown as Net Derivative cash inflows within 30 days. Inflows from derivative exposure arose due to maturing forwards.

(f) Currency mismatch in the LCR:

As per the RBI guidelines while the LCR standard is required to be met on one single currency, in order to better capture potential currency mismatch the LCR in each currency needs to be monitored. Accordingly, Bank is maintaining LCR on daily basis in INR and the same is compared against the regulatory requirement. Further bank does not have exposure to any other significant currencies (A significant currency is one where aggregate liabilities denominated in the currency amount to 5% or more of the bank's total liabilities), hence LCR is prepared only for INR currency.

(g) A description of the degree of centralisation of liquidity management and interaction between the group's units:

The liquidity management for the bank on enterprise wide basis is the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Board of Directors has delegated its responsibilities to a Committee of the Board called as the "Risk Management Committee of Board". The committee is responsible for overseeing the inter linkages between different types of risk and its impact on liquidity.

Bank has ALM policy which provides the broad guidelines under which all the entities within the group operate in terms of liquidity and interest rate risk.

LCR is computed and monitored on daily basis by IRM department and the same is shared with Treasury/MID OFFICE for liquidity management and discussion in Investment committee.

Further LCR for the latest month along with comparison of previous months is placed before ALCO on monthly basis. Moreover, LCR position along with other liquidity parameters is placed before RMC/Board on quarterly basis.

(h) The inflows and outflows in the LCR calculation that are not captured in the LCR common template but which the institution considers to be relevant for its liquidity profile are as under:

Details of Outflows arising from contingent liabilities are as under:

(Amount in crore)

Particulars	Unweighted value	Weighted value
Currently undrawn committed credit and liquidity facilities provided to	43091.89	4021.34
Retail and small business clients	27987.25	1399.36
non-financial corporates, sovereigns and central banks, multilateral development banks, and PSEs – Credit facilities	11804.95	1180.50
non-financial corporates, sovereigns and central banks, multilateral development banks, and PSEs – Liquidity facilities	0.00	0.00
banks	770.73	308.29
other financial institutions (including securities firms, insurance companies) – Credit facilities	2326.28	930.51
other financial institutions (including securities firms, insurance companies) – Liquidity facilities	0.00	0.00
other legal entity customers	202.68	202.68
Other contingent funding liabilities	15939.28	535.65
Guarantees, Letters of credit and Trade Finance	13065.78	391.97
Revocable credit and liquidity facilities	1519.52	75.98
Any other	1353.98	67.70

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